## IN THE CLAIMS

1-33. (Cancelled)

34. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (IIIe)

$$R^2$$
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $(CH_2)_n$ 
 $L^1$ 
(IIIe)

its tautomeric forms, its stereoisomers, its polymorphs or, its pharmaceutically acceptable salts or its pharmaceutically acceptable solvates, wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>4</sup> are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, nitro, formyl, or optionally substituted groups selected from alkyl, cyclo(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, aryl, aryloxy, aralkyl, aralkoxy, heterocyclyl selected from the group consisting of aziridinyl, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl and piperazinyl heteroaryl selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, benzopyranyl and benzofuranyl; heteroaralkyl, heteroaryloxy, heteroaralkoxy, acyl, acyloxy, hydroxyalkyl, amino, acylamino, arylamino, aralkylamino, aminoalkyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, aralkyloxycarbonyl, alkylamino, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxyalkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, alkylthio, thioalkyl, aralkoxycarbonylamino, alkoxycarbonyl-amino, aryloxycarbonylamino, carboxylic acid or its COOH, CONH2, CONHM2, CONME2, CONHEt, CONHPh, amides, or sulfonic acid SO<sub>2</sub>OH, its SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHMe, SO<sub>2</sub>NMe<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NHCF<sub>3</sub>; wherein when R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> or R<sup>4</sup> is substituted, the substituent is selected from halogen, hydroxy, nitro, alkyl, cyclo(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, heterocyclyl selected from the group consisting of aziridinyl, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl and piperazinyl; heteroaryl selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, benzopyranyl and benzofuranyl; heteroaralkyl, acyl, acyloxy, hydroxyalkyl, amino, acylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aryloxy, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino, alkoxyalky,

alkylthio, thioalkyl groups, carboxylic acid or its COOH, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHMe, CONMe<sub>2</sub>, CONHEt, or CONHPh, or SO<sub>2</sub>OH, or SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHMe, SO<sub>2</sub>NMe<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NHCF<sub>3</sub>; A is an optionally substituted benzene ring wherein when A is substituted, the substituent is selected from halogen, hydroxy, nitro, alkyl, cyclo(C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, aralkoxyalkyl, heterocyclyl selected from the group consisting of aziridinyl, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl and piperazinyl; heteroaryl selected from the group consisting of pyridyl, thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, oxadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, benzopyranyl and benzofuranyl; heteroaralkyl, acyl, acyloxy, hydroxyalkyl, amino, acylamino, arylamino, aminoalkyl, aryloxy, alkoxycarbonyl, alkylamino, alkoxyalky, alkylthio, thioalkyl groups, carboxylic acid or its COOH, CONH<sub>2</sub>, CONHMe<sub>1</sub>, CONHMe<sub>2</sub>, CONHEt, CONHPh, amides, or sulfonic acid SO<sub>2</sub>OH, or SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>NHMe, SO<sub>2</sub>NMe<sub>2</sub>, or SO<sub>2</sub>NHCF<sub>3</sub>; X represents oxygen, n is an integer ranging from 1 to 4 and L<sup>1</sup> is methane sulphonate, p-toluene sulphonate or trifluoromethane sulphonate.